SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL



Model S20 Non-Metallic Design Level 3

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WARREN RUPP®			_	SANE A WARREN RUPP PUMP F	PIPER®
Quality System ISO9001 Certified			See page 2 for ATEX ratings.	S20 Nor Ball Valve	
Environmental Management System ISO14001 Certified			E	Design Leve	13
				Air Operate Double Diap ENGINEERING, PER & CONSTRUCTION	hragm Pump
INTAKE/DISCHARGE PIPE SIZE 2" Universal Flange (Fits ANSI & DIN Flange)	CAPACITY 0 -160 US Gallons per minute (0 - 605 liters per minute)	AIR VALVE No-lube, no-stall design	SOLIDS-HANDLING Up to .66 in. (17mm)	HEADS UP TO 100 psi or 231 ft. of water (7 bar or 70 meters)	DISPLACEMENT/STROKE .46 US gallons (1.73 liter)
CAUTION! Operation	ng temperature limitations	s are as follows:			
Materials				Operating Maximum*	Temperatures Minimum*
Santoprene®: Injection molde	d thermoplastic elastomer with no	fabric layer. Long mechanical flex	life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
	orine and a few fluoro-chemicals si		ally with PTFE: molten alkali metals, n difluoride which readily	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C
PVDF: Generally reserved for	applications requiring the highest	purity, strength, and resistance to	solvents, acids & bases	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Polypropylene: Generally rugged	d and usually resistant to many chemic	als solvents. Rugged and often stiffer t	han other plastics, economical.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-r with highly polar solvents like	resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorina	water and hydraulic fluid resistand ted hydrocarbons and nitro hydroc	e. Should not be used carbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C
		effected by mederate chamicals	fats greases and many	200°F	-10°F
	tant to vegetable oil. Generally not icked by strong oxidizing acids, ketor			93°C	-23°C

<u>CAUTION</u>: Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.

 $\mathsf{SANDPIPER}^{\texttt{s}}$ pumps are designed to be powered only by compressed air.

Explanation of Pump Nomenclature S20 Non-Metallic · Design Level 3 · Ball Valve

Model	Pump Brand	Pump Size	Check Valve Type	Design Level	Wetted Material	Diaphragm/ Check Valve Materials	Check Valve Seat	Non-Wetted Material Options	Porting Options	Pump Style	Pump	Kit Options	Shipping Weight Ibs. (kg)
S20B3P1PPUS000.	S	20	В	3		1				S		00.	90 (41)
S20B3F1FF03000.	S	20	B	3	F K	1	I K	Г D	U	S	0	00.	125 (57)
S20B3R1RP03000.	S	20	B	3		1 2	R P	Г		S	0	00.	. ,
	-		_	-	Г	2	P	P	0	-	0		95 (43)
S20B3K2KPUS000.	S	20	B	3	K	2	ĸ	P	0	S	0	00.	130 (59)
S20B3PGPPUS000.	S	20	B	3	Г	G	P	Г	U 	S	0	00	126 (57)
S20B3KGKPUS000.	S	20	В	3	K	G	ĸ	Р	U	S	0	00	131 (59)
S20B3C1PCUS000.	S	20	В	3	С	1	Р	С	U	S	0	00.	94 (43)
S20B3C2PCUS000.	S	20	В	3	С	2	Р	С	U	S	0	00.	100 (45)

Note: Models listed in the table are for reference only. See nomenclature below for other models.

Pump Brand S= SANDPIPER®

Pump Size 20=2"

Check Valve Type B= Ball

Design Level 3= Design Level 3

Wetted Material

K= PVDF P= Polypropylene C= Conductive Polypropylene

II 1G c T5

IM1 c

I M2 c

II 3/1 G c T5

II 1D c T100°C

Note: Pumps are only ATEX

6 or 7, and kit option 0.

compliant when ordered with wet-

ted material option C non-wetted

material option C, pump option 0,

Diaphragm / Check Valve Materials 1= Santoprene/Santoprene 2= PTFE-Santoprene Backup/PTFE 6= PTFE Pumping, PTFE-Neoprene Backup Driver/PTFE B= Nitrile/Nitrile C= FKM / PTFE G= PTFE-Neoprene Backup/PTFE N= Neoprene/Neoprene Z= One-Piece Bonded/PTFE

Check Valve Seat K= PVDF

P= Polypropylene

A Non-Wetted Material Options

- C= Carbon Filled Conductive Polypropylene P= 40%Glass Filled Polypropylene
- 1= 40%Glass Filled Polypropylene w/PTFE Coated Hardware

(2`

- **Porting Options**
- U= Universal Flange
- (Fits ANSI & DIN)
- 7= Dual Porting (ANSI) 8= Top Dual Porting (ANSI)
- 9= Bottom Dual Porting (ANSI)

Pump Style

- D= with Electronic Leak Detection (110V) E= with Electronic Leak Detection (220V) M= with Mechanical Leak Detection S= Standard V= with Visual Leak Detection
- Pump Options

A 0= None

II 2G Ex ia c IIC T5

with kit option P1.

II 3/2 G Ex ia c IIC T5

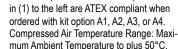
II 2D Ex c ia 20 IP67 T100°C

- 1= Sound Dampening Muffler
- 2= Mesh Muffler 3= High temperature Air Valve
- w/Integral Muffler 4= High temperature Air Valve
- w/Sound Dampening Muffler



II 2G EEx m c II T5 II 3/2 2G EEx m c II T5 II 2D c IP65 T100°C

Note: Pumps ordered with the options listed



Pump Options continued

w/Mesh Muffler

7= Metal Muffler with

grounding cable

6= Metal Muffler

Kit Options

00.= None

5= High temperature Air Valve

P0.= 10-30VDC Pulse Output Kit

110/120VAC 220/240 VAC

E0.= Solenoid Kit with 24VDC Coil

E2.= Solenoid Kit with 24VAC/12VDC Coil

(4)

♦ P1.= Intrinsically-Safe 5-30VDC,

Pulse Output Kit

Pulse Output Kit

P2.= 110/120 or 220/240VAC

E1.= Solenoid Kit with 24VDC

E3.= Solenoid Kit with 12VDC

Explosion-Proof Coil

Explosion-Proof Coil

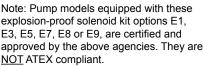
*Note: See page 20 for Special Conditions For Safe Use.

Kit Options continued

E4.= Solenoid Kit with 110VAC Coil

- ▲ E5.= Solenoid Kit with 110VAC Explosion-Proof Coil
- E6.= Solenoid Kit with 220VAC Coil
- ▲ E7.= Solenoid Kit with 220VAC Explosion-Proof Coil
- A E8.= Solenoid Kit with 110VAC, 50 Hz Explosion-Proof Coil
- ∧ E9.= Solenoid Kit with 230VAC. 50 Hz Explosion-Proof Coil SP.= Stroke Indicator Pins
- A1.= Solenoid Kit with 12 VDC ATEX Compliant Coil
- A2.= Solenoid Kit with 24 VDC ATEX Compliant Coil
- A3.= Solenoid Kit with 110/120 VAC 50/60 Hz ATEX Compliant Coil
- A4.= Solenoid Kit with 220/240 VAC 50/60 Hz ATEX Compliant Coil

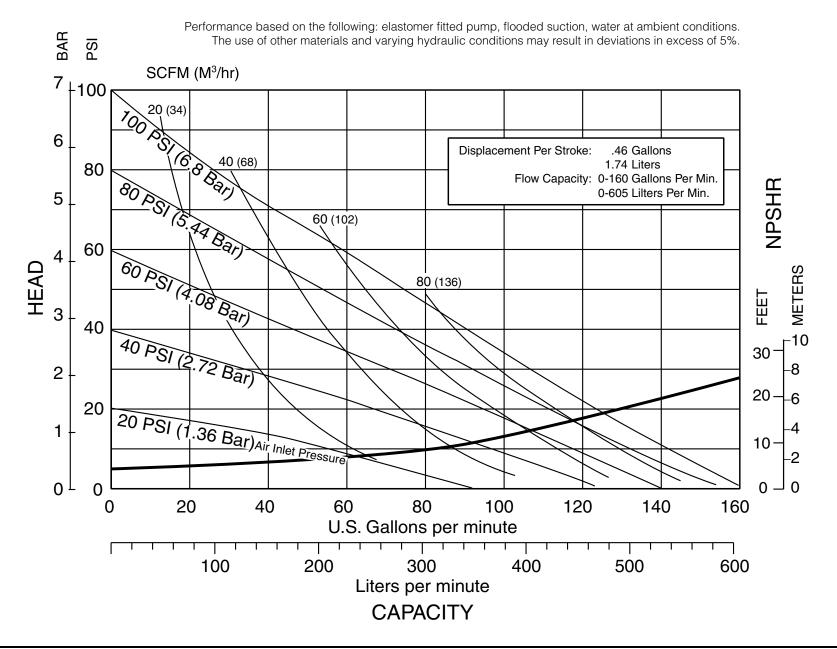




explosion-proof solenoid kit options E1, E3, E5, E7, E8 or E9, are certified and approved by the above agencies. They are NOT ATEX compliant.

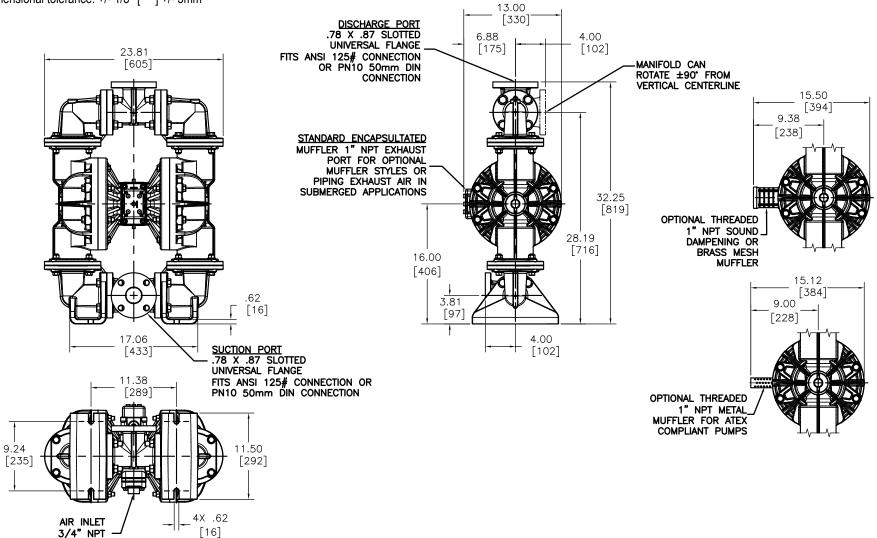
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Performance Curve, Model S20 Non-Metallic Design Level 3



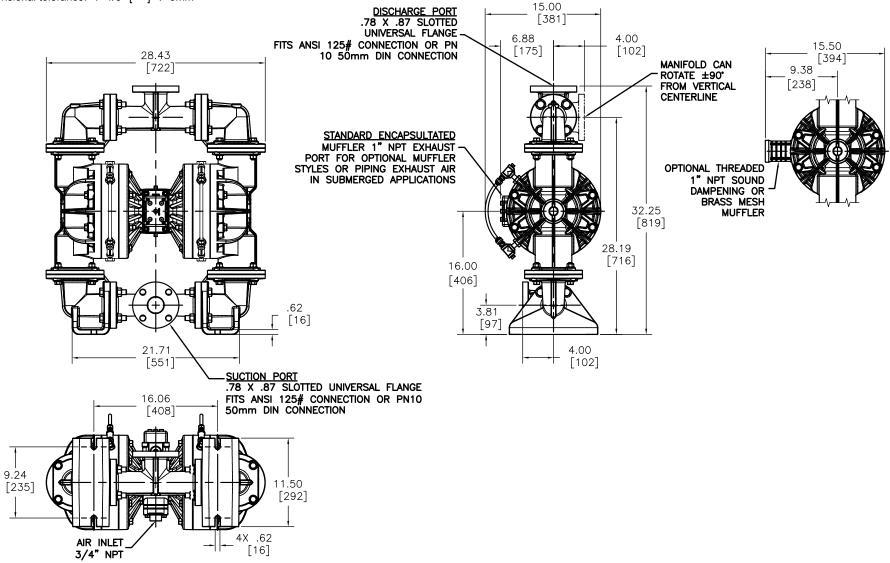
Dimensions: S20 Non-Metallic

Dimensions in Inches [] in Millimeters Dimensional tolerance: +/- 1/8" [] +/- 3mm



Dimensions: S20 Non-Metallic with Spill Containment

Dimensions in Inches [] in Millimeters Dimensional tolerance: +/- 1/8" [] +/- 3mm



PRINCIPLE OF PUMP OPERATION

This ball type check valve pump is powered by compressed air and is a 1:1 ratio design. The inner side of one diaphragm chamber is alternately pressurized while simultaneously exhausting the other inner chamber. This causes the diaphragms, which are connected by a common rod secured by plates to the centers of the diaphragms, to move in a reciprocating action. (As one diaphragm performs the discharge stroke the other diaphragm is pulled to perform the suction stroke in the opposite chamber.) Air pressure is applied over the entire inner surface of the diaphragm while liquid is discharged from the opposite side of the diaphragm. The diaphragm operates in a balanced condition during the discharge stroke which allows the pump to be operated at discharge heads over 200 feet (61 meters) of water.

For maximum diaphragm life, keep the pump as close to the liquid being pumped as possible. Positive suction head in excess of 10 feet of liquid (3.048 meters) may require a back pressure regulating device to maximize diaphragm life.

Alternate pressurizing and exhausting of the diaphragm chamber is performed by an externally mounted, pilot operated, four way spool type air distribution valve. When the spool shifts to one end of the valve body, inlet pressure is applied to one diaphragm chamber and the other diaphragm chamber exhausts. When the spool shifts to the opposite end of the valve body, the pressure to the chambers is reversed. The air distribution valve spool is moved by a internal pilot valve which alternately pressurizes one end of the air distribution valve spool while exhausting the other end. The pilot valve is shifted at each end of the diaphragm stroke when a actuator plunger is contacted by the diaphragm plate. This actuator plunger then pushes the end of the pilot valve spool into position to activate the air distribution valve.

The chambers are connected with manifolds with a suction and discharge check valve for each chamber, maintaining flow in one direction through the pump.

INSTALLATION AND START-UP

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

For installations of rigid piping, short sections of flexible hose should be installed between the pump and the piping. The flexible hose reduces vibration and strain to the pumping system. A surge suppressor is recommended to further reduce pulsation in flow.

AIR SUPPLY

Air supply pressure cannot exceed 100 psi (7 bar). Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply of sufficient capacity and pressure required for desired performance. When the air supply line is solid piping, use a short length of flexible hose not less than $\frac{1}{2}$ " (13mm) in diameter between the pump and the piping to reduce strain to the

piping. The weight of the air supply line, regulators and filters must be supported by some means other than the air inlet cap. Failure to provide support for the piping may result in damage to the pump. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

AIR VALVE LUBRICATION

The air distribution valve and the pilot valve are designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the preferred mode of operation. There may be instances of personal preference or poor quality air supplies when lubrication of the compressed air supply is required. The pump air system will operate with properly lubricated compressed air supply. Proper lubrication requires the use of an air line lubricator (available from Warren Rupp) set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 nondetergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes at the point of operation. Consult the pump's published Performance Curve to determine this.

AIR LINE MOISTURE

Water in the compressed air supply can create problems such as icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer to supplement the user's air drying equipment. This device removes water from the compressed air supply and alleviates the icing or freezing problems.

AIR INLET AND PRIMING

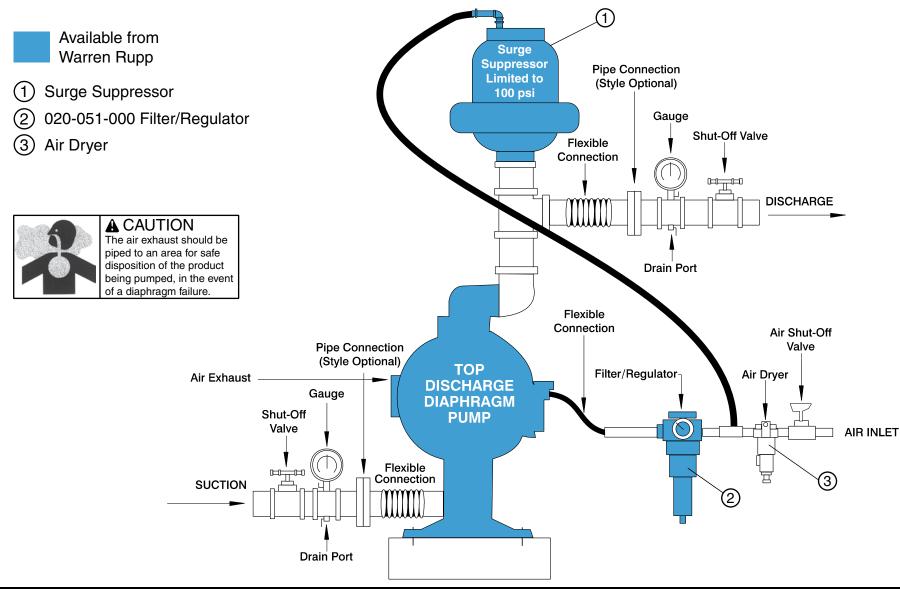
To start the pump, open the air valve approximately 1/2" to 3/4" turn. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

BETWEEN USES

When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify when not in motion, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. (Product remaining in the pump between uses could dry out or settle out. This could cause problems with the diaphragms and check valves at restart.) In freezing temperatures the pump must be completely drained between uses in all cases.



INSTALLATION GUIDE Top Discharge Ball Valve Unit



RECYCLING

Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials (see chart on page 9 for material specifications). We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

A IMPORTANT

Read these safety warnings and instructions in this manual completely, before installation and start-up

of the pump. It is the responsibility of the

A CAUTION

Before pump operation, inspect all gasketed

fasteners for looseness

caused by gasket creep. Re-

torque loose fasteners to

purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

The pump, piping, valves, containers or other miscellaneous equipment must be grounded. (See page 31)

This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Always make certain that all bolting is in good condition and

AWARNING

AWARNING

Take action to prevent static

sparking. Fire or explosion

can result, especially when handling flammable liquids.

that all of the correct bolting is reinstalled during assembly.

WARNING When used for toxic or

aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.





Before doing any maintenance on the pump, be certain all pressure is completely vented from the pump, suction, discharge, piping, and all other

openings and connections. Be certain the air supply is locked out or made non-operational, so that it cannot be started while work is being done on the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn all times in the vicinity of the pump. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards.

Wear ear and eve

Pump complies with EN809 Pumping Directive, Directive 2006/42/EC Machinery, according to Annex VIII.



CE

Pump complies with Directive 94/9/EC. EN13463-1 Equipment for use in Potentially Explosive I 2GD T5 Environments. For reference to the directive certificates visit: www.warrenrupp.com. The Technical File No. AX1 is stored at KEMA. Notified Body 0344, under Document #203040000.





stated in this manual.

Before maintenance

or repair, shut off the compressed air line. bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. The discharge

line may be pressurized and must be bled of its pressure.

prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques

WARNING

In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If

pumping a product which is hazardous or toxic. the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposition.

Material Codes The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

- 000 Assembly, sub-assembly; and some purchased items
- Cast Iron 010
- 012 Powered Metal
- 015 Ductile Iron
- Ferritic Malleable Iron 020
- 025 Music Wire
- 080 Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112
- 100 Alloy 20
- Allov Type 316 Stainless Steel 110 Allov Type 316 Stainless Steel 111
- (Electro Polished)
- 112 Alloy C
- Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel 113 (Hand Polished)
- 303 Stainless Steel 114
- 115 302/304 Stainless Steel
- 117 440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)
- 120 416 Stainless Steel
- (Wrought Martensitic) 410 Stainless Steel 123
 - (Wrought Martensitic)
- 148 Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum
- 2024-T4 Aluminum 149
- 150 6061-T6 Aluminum
- 151 6063-T6 Aluminum
- 2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351) 152
- 154 Almag 35 Aluminum
- 155 356-T6 Aluminum
- 156 356-T6 Aluminum
- 157 Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380
- 158 Aluminum Alloy SR-319
- 159 Anodized Aluminum
- 162 Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock
- Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5 165
- Bronze, SAE 660 166
- 170 Bronze, Bearing Type, Oil Impregnated
- Die Cast Zinc 175

s20nmdl3sm-rev0910

- 180 Copper Allov
- Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated 305
- Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated 306
- 307 Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated 308 Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated
- Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated 309
- 310 **PVDF** Coated
- 330 Zinc Plated Steel
- Chrome Plated Steel 331
- 332 Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated
- 333 Carbon Steel, Electroless
 - Nickel Plated
- 335 Galvanized Steel
- 336 Zinc Plated Yellow Brass
- 337 Silver Plated Steel
- Nickel Plated 340
- 342 Filled Nylon
- 353 Geolast; Color: Black
- 354 Injection Molded #203-40 Santoprene-Duro 40D +/-5: Color: RED
- Thermal Plastic 355
- 356 Hvtrel
- 357 Injection Molded Polyurethane
- Urethane Rubber 358
 - (Some Applications) (Compression Mold)
- 359 Urethane Rubber
- 360 Nitrile Rubber. Color coded: RED
- 361 FDA Accepted Nitrile
- 363 FKM (Fluorocarbon). Color coded: YELLOW
- E.P.D.M. Rubber, Color coded: BLUE 364
- 365 Neoprene Rubber.
- Color coded: GREEN
- 366 Food Grade Nitrile
- 368 Food Grade EPDM
- 370 Butyl Rubber. Color coded: BROWN
- 371 Philthane (Tuftane)
- 374 Carboxylated Nitrile
- Fluorinated Nitrile 375

- 378 High Density Polypropylene 379 Conductive Nitrile 606 405 Cellulose Fibre 607 408 Cork and Neoprene 608 425 Compressed Fibre 610 Blue Gard 426 611 440 Vegetable Fibre 632 465 Fibre 633 500 Delrin 500 634 501 Delrin 570 635 502 Conductive Acetal. ESD-800 637 503 Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled 638 505 639 Acrylic Resin Plastic 506 Delrin 150 643 Injection Molded PVDF Natural color 520 644 521 Conductive PVDF 650 540 Nylon 654 541 Nylon 542 Nvlon 656 Nylon Injection Molded 544 Polyethylene 550 661 551 Glass Filled Polypropylene 552 Unfilled Polypropylene Unfilled Polypropylene 553 Polyvinyl Chloride 555 556 Black Vinvl Nvlatron is a registered tradename of 557 Conductive Polypropylene Polymer Corp. Conductive HDPE 558 Santoprene is a registered tradename of Glass-Filled Conductive Polypropylene 559 Exxon Mobil Corp. 570 Rulon II Rulon II is a registered tradename of 580 Rvton Dixion Industries Corp.
- 590 Valox
- 591 Nylatron G-S
- 592 Nvlatron NSB
- 600 PTFE (virgin material) Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)
- 601 PTFE (Bronze and molv filled)
- 602 Filled PTFF
- 603 Blue Gylon

- PTFF 604
- PTFF
- Envelon
- Conductive PTFE
- PTFE Integral Silicon
- PTFE Integral FKM
- Neoprene/Hvtrel
- FKM (Fluorocarbon)/PTFE
- EPDM/PTFE
 - Neoprene/PTFE
 - PTFE. FKM (Fluorocarbon)/PTFE
 - PTFE, Hytrel/PTFE
 - Nitrile/TFE
 - Santoprene/EPDM
 - Santoprene/PTFE
- Bonded Santoprene and PTFE
- Santoprene Diaphragm, PTFE Overlay Balls and seals
- Santoprene Diaphragm and Check Balls/EPDM Seats
- EPDM/Santoprene

Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of F L DuPont

Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock, Inc.

Ryton is a registered tradename of

Valox is a registered tradename of

SANDPIPER, Portapump, Tranguilizers and

SludgeMaster are registered tradenames of

Model S20 Non-Metallic Page 9

Phillips Chemical Co.

General Electric Co.

Warren Rupp, Inc.

TROUBLESHOOTING Possible Symptoms:

- Pump will not cycle.
- Pump cycles, but produces no flow.
- Pump cycles, but flow rate is unsatisfactory.
- Pump cycle seems unbalanced.
- Pump cycle seems to produce excessive vibration.

<u>What to Check:</u> Excessive suction lift in system.

Corrective Action: For lifts exceeding 20 feet (6 meters), filling the pumping chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.

What to Check: Excessive flooded suction in system.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> For flooded conditions exceeding 10 feet (3 meters) of liquid, install a back pressure device.

<u>What to Check:</u> System head exceeds air supply pressure.

Corrective Action: Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Most diaphragm pumps are designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.

<u>What to Check:</u> Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system head.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Decrease inlet air pressure and volume to the pump as calculated on the published PERFORMANCE CURVE. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling. What to Check: Undersized suction line.

<u>Corrective Action</u>: Meet or exceed pump connection recommendations shown on the DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

<u>What to Check:</u> Restricted or undersized air line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install a larger air line and connection. Refer to air inlet recommendations shown in your pump's SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Check ESADS+Plus, the Externally Serviceable Air Distribution System of the pump. Corrective Action: Disassemble and inspect the main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators. Refer to the parts drawing and air valve section of the SERVICE MANUAL. Check for clogged discharge or closed valve before reassembly.

<u>What to Check:</u> Rigid pipe connections to pump.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install flexible connectors and a surge suppressor.

What to Check: Blocked air exhaust muffler.

Corrective Action: Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice and reinstall. Refer to the Air Exhaust section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

<u>What to Check:</u> Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.

Corrective Action: Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly. Refer to the Diaphragm Replacement section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

<u>What to Check:</u> Suction side air leakage or air in product.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Visually inspect all suction side gaskets and pipe connections.

What to Check: Obstructed check valve.

Corrective Action: Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Refer to the Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

<u>What to Check:</u> Worn or misaligned check valve or check valve seat.

Corrective Action: Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper seating. Replace if necessary. Refer to Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Blocked suction line. Corrective Action: Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens and strainers. What to Check: Blocked discharge line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Check for obstruction or closed discharge line valves.

What to Check: Blocked pumping chamber.

Corrective Action: Disassemble and inspect the wetted chambers of the pump. Remove or flush any obstructions. Refer to the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

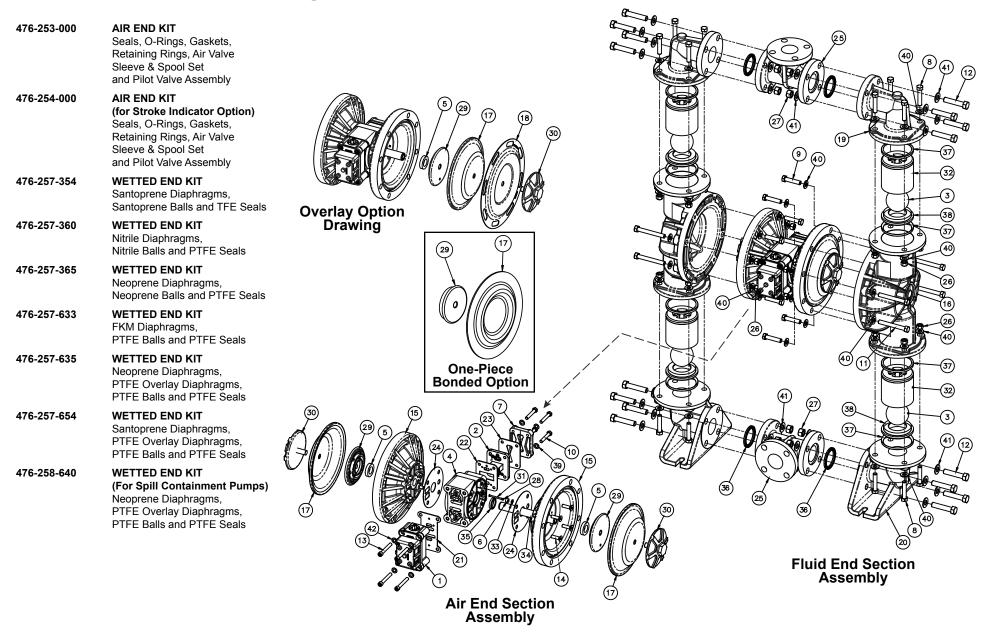
What to Check: Entrained air or vapor lock in one or both pumping chambers. Corrective Action: Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. PURGING THE CHAMBERS OF AIR CAN BE DANGEROUS! Contact the Warren Rupp Technical Services Department before performing this procedure. A model with top-ported discharge will reduce or eliminate problems with entrained air.

If your pump continues to perform below your expectations, contact your local Warren Rupp Distributor or factory Technical Services Group for a service evaluation.

WARRANTY

Refer to the enclosed Warren Rupp Warranty Certificate.

Composite Repair Drawing



Composite Repair Parts List

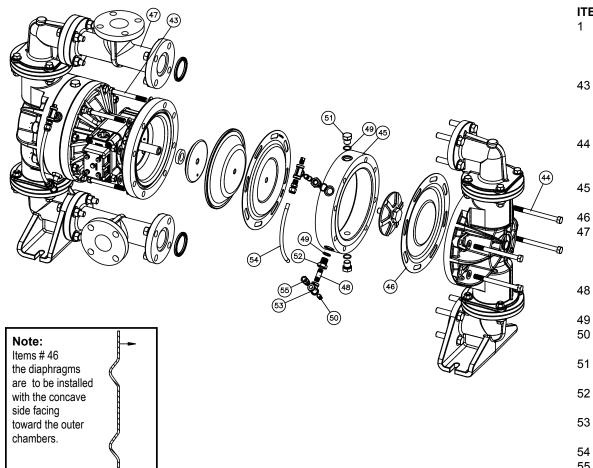
		φαιί ται ισ μισι				BEGGINI HON	S. II
		-		20	312-116-520	Elbow, Suction	2
ТЕМ	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY	•	312-116-552	Elbow, Suction	2
1	031-140-000	Air Valve Assembly	1	A		Elbow, Suction	2
	031-140-001	Air Valve Assembly		21	360-093-360	Gasket, Main Air Valve	1
	031-140-002	Air Valve Assembly w/ PTFE coated Hardware	1	22	360-103-360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1
	031-141-000	Air Valve Assembly (No Integral Muffler)	1	23	360-104-360	Gasket, Air Inlet Cap	1
Δ			1	A	360-104-379	Gasket, Air Inlet Cap (Conductive Models Only	v) 1
<u> </u>	031-141-001	Air Valve Assembly (No Integral Muffler)	1	24	360-107-360	Gasket, Inner Chamber	2
	031-141-002	Air Valve Assembly (No Integral Muffler	I	25	518-199-520	Manifold	2
	005 440 550	PTFE Coated Hardware)			518-199-552	Manifold	2
2	095-110-558	Pilot Valve Assembly	1	A	518-199-557	Manifold	2
3	050-038-354	Ball, Check	4	26	545-008-110	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	24
	050-038-360	Ball, Check	4	20	545-008-308	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	24
	050-038-365	Ball, Check	4	27	545-009-110	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	24
	050-038-600	Ball, Check	4	21			16
1	114-024-551	Intermediate Assembly	1	00	545-009-308	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	
A	114-024-559	Intermediate Assembly	1	28	560-001-360	O-Ring	2
;	132-035-360	Bumper Diaphragm	2	29	612-195-157	Inner Diaphragm Plate	2
6	135-034-506	Bushing, Plunger	2		612-227-150	Inner Diaphragm Plate (One-Piece Bonded Optic	
,	165-116-551	Air Inlet Cap Assembly	1	30	612-225-520	Outer, Plate Diaphragm	2
	165-116-559	Air Inlet Cap Assembly	1		612-225-552	Outer, Plate Diaphragm	2
3	170-055-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 2.50	16	31	620-004-114	Plunger, Actuator	2
•	170-055-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 2.50	16	32	670-046-520	Retainer, Ball	4
)	170-066-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 2.25	8		670-046-552	Retainer, Ball	4
	170-066-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 2.25	8	33	675-042-115	Ring, Retainer	2
0	170-069-115	Capscrew, Hex HD5/16-18 x 1.75	4	34	685-063-120	Rod Diaphragm	4
0	170-069-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/16-18x 1.75	4	35	720-004-360	Seal, U-Cup	2 4
1	170-092-115	•	16	36	720-038-600	Seal, Manifold	4
1	170-092-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 4.00	16	37	720-041-600	Seal, Check Valve Assembly	8
2		Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 4.00	4	38	722-075-520	Seat. Check Valve	4
Z	170-015-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/8-11 x 2.75	4		722-075-552	Seat, Check Valve	4
•	170-015-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/8-11-x 2.75	4	39	901-038-115	Washer, Flat 5/16"	4
3	171-053-115	Capscrew, Soc HD 3/8-16 X 2.75	4		901-038-308	Washer, Flat 5/16"	4
	171-053-308	Capscrew, Soc HD 3/8-16X 2.75	4	40	901-046-115	Washer, Flat 1/2"	48
4	171-078-115	Capscrew, Flat HD 3/8-16 X1.25	8	10	901-046-308	Washer, Flat 1/2"	48
5	196-188-551	Chamber, Inner	2	41	901-047-115	Washer, Flat 5/8"	32
	196-188-559	Chamber, Inner	2		901-047-308	Washer, Flat 5/8"	32
6	196-190-520	Chamber, Outer	2	42			32 4
	196-190-552	Chamber, Outer	2	42	901-048-115 901-048-308	Washer, Flat 3/8"	4
Â	196-190-557	Chamber, Outer	2		901-048-308	Washer, Flat 3/8"	4
7	286-005-354	Diaphragm	2	NOTO			
	286-005-360	Diaphragm	2	NOT SH		NA (7)	
	286-005-363	Diaphragm	2		535-010-000	Muffler	1
	286-005-365	Diaphragm	2	•	530-027-000	Muffler	1
	286-114-000	Diaphragm, One-Piece Bonded PTFE	2		530-033-000	Muffler	1
18	286-119-600	Diaphragm, Overlay	2				
19	312-102-520	Elbow, Discharge	2				
	312-102-552	Elbow, Discharge	2				
Δ	312-102-557	Elbow, Discharge	2		Δ		
	012-102-001		4	(5)	Note: ATEX	Compliant	

ITEM PART NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

QTY

Spill Containment Option



S20 Spill Containment Repair Parts List

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	031-146-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
		(replaces 031-140-000)	
	031-147-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
		(replaces 031-141-000)	
43	170-073-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 4.50	8
		(replaces 170-068-115)	
	170-073-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 4.50	8
		(replaces170-068-115)	
44	170-102-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 6.00	8
		(replaces 170-095-115)	
	170-102-308	Capscrew, Hex HD 1/2-13 x 6.00	8
45	196-189-520	Chamber, Spill Prevention	2 2
	196-189-552	Chamber, Spill Prevention	2
46	286-120-600	Diaphragm, Pumping	2
47	518-200-520	Manifold	2
		(replaces 518-199-520)	
	518-200-552	Manifold	2
		(replaces 518-199-552)	
48	538-022-110	Nipple, Pipe	4
	538-022-308	Nipple, Pipe	4
49	560-078-611	O-Ring	8
50	618-003-110	Plug, Pipe	4
	618-003-308	Plug, Pipe	4
51	618-025-110	Plug, Boss	4
	618-025-308	Plug, Boss	4
52	618-031-110	Plug, Boss	4
	618-031-308	Plug, Boss	4
53	835-005-110	Tee, Pipe	4
	835-005-308	Tee, Pipe	4
54	860-055-606	Tube, Sight	2
55	866-060-110	Connector, Tube	4

SPILL CONTAINMENT CONCEPT

The spill containment option prevents the air end components from being contaminated or damaged when a pumping diaphragm ruptures while pumping caustic or toxic materials. It also helps to protect the environment. With the installation of optional leak detectors (either mechanical or electronic) the diaphragm rupture can be detected. The pump can then be shut down and repaired before any caustic or toxic materials can enter the air end and be exhausted into the surrounding environment.

OPTION DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Next shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining pumped liquid from the pump. Remove the pump before servicing.

Next, drain the fluid from the spill containment chambers. This can be done by removing the bottom plug (item 51) from each spill containment chamber.

After the fluid from the spill containment chambers has been drained, the wet end components can now be removed. See diaphragm servicing section for detailed instructions. The spill containment option has two additional virgin PTFE pumping diaphragms (item 46). These diaphragms are installed with the natural concave curve toward the

outer chamber (items 16 from the pump assembly drawing).

FILLING CHAMBERS WITH LIQUID THE CHAMBERS ARE FILLED WITH WATER AT THE FACTORY.

If you prefer to substitute another liquid, to prevent system contamination consult the factory first to determine compatibility of the substitute with pump construction.

Follow the steps listed here to replace the liquid in the pump after disassembly or liquid loss:

1. Drain the fluid in the spill containment chambers by removing the bottom two boss plugs (items 51). Replace the bottom two boss plugs after the fluid is drained.

2. Remove the eight capscrews (item 8) fastening the discharge manifold and elbows to the outer chambers (items 16). The discharge manifolds and elbows can now be removed.

3. Remove the top two boss plugs (items 51). The spill containment chambers are filled through the exposed ports.

4. Install safety clip (item 1-N) into the smaller unthreaded hole in one end cap (item 1-D). This locks the valve spool to one side, keeping the pump from shifting. Apply air pressure to the air distribution valve.

5. Face the side of the pump with the installed safety clip. If the safety clip is installed in the top end cap, fill the left spill containment chamber. If the safety clip is installed on the bottom end cap, fill the right spill containment chamber. The volume of fluid is 1950 ml (65.9 fl. oz.). It is important that the exact amount of fluid is used. Too little or too much fluid causes premature diaphragm failure and erratic pumping.

6. Loosely reinstall one boss plug (item 51) to the filled spill containment chamber.

7. Shut off air supply. Remove safety clip. Adjust the air line regulator so that air pressure slowly fills the pump. The diaphragm expands, forcing the fluid in the chamber to be slowly displaced. When the pump shifts to the opposite side, quickly install the safety clip.

8. Loosen the top boss plug on the filled chambers. This allows fluid in the chamber to purge trapped air from the chamber. This can be seen by watching the column of fluid in the sight tube. When fluid appears at the top of the port, quickly tighten the boss plug. Fluid loss of 1 to 2ml is acceptable.

9. Tilt the pump so the uppermost pipe tee (item 53) is in the vertical position. Loosen the pipe plug (item 50). This will allow trapped air to purge through the pipe tee. When fluid appears at the tee opening, reinstall the pipe plug.

NOTE: If all air is not purged using this procedure, remove the check valve components from the top port of the outer chamber (item 16). Apply manual pressure to the pumping diaphragm by inserting a blunt instrument into the top port of the outer chamber and applying pressure to the diaphragm. Loosen the pipe plug (item 50) allowing the fluid to purge any remaining trapped air. Reinstall the plug.

10. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to fill opposite spill containment chamber.

11. Reinstall the check valve components, discharge manifold and elbows to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

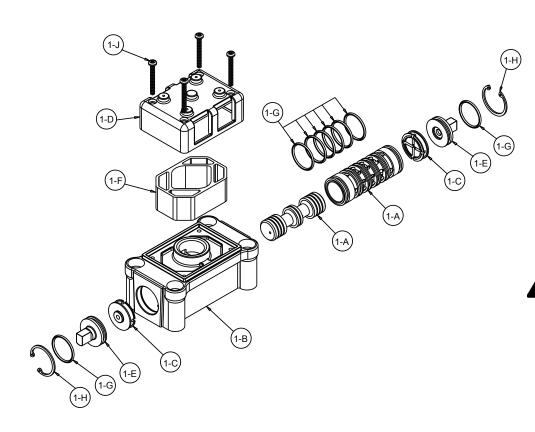


Read these instructions

completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

Air Distribution Valve Assembly Drawing S20 Design Level 3



AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031-140-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	031-139-000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
1-B	095-094-551	Body, Air Valve	1
1-C	132-029-552	Bumper	2
1-D	165-096-551	Cap, Muffler	1
1-E	165-115-552	Cap, End	2
1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	8
1-H	675-044-115	Ring, Retaining	2
1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-tapping	4

For Pumps with Alternate Mesh, Sound Dampening Mufflers or Piped Exhaust:

1 031-141-000 Air Valve Assembly 1 (Includes all items used on 031-140-000 minus items 1-D, 1-F & 1-J)

AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

	ltem	Part Number	Description	Qty
₹	1	031-140-001	Air Valve Assembly	1
	1-A	031-139-000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
	1-B	095-094-559	Body, Air Valve	1
	1-C	132-029-552	Bumper	2
	1-D	165-096-559	Cap, Muffler	1
	1-E	165-115-552	Cap, End	2
	1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
	1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	8
	1-H	675-044-115	Ring, Retaining	2
	1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-tapping	4

For Pumps with Metal Mesh Muffler or Piped Exhaust:

A 1

031-141-001 Air Valve Assembly 1 (Includes all items used on 031-140-001 minus items 1-D, 1-F & 1-J)



AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE SERVICING

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

STEP #1: See Composite Repair and Parts Drawing.

Using a ⁵/₁₆" Allen wrench, remove the four hex socket capscrews (item 13) and four flat washers (item 42). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 21) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

STEP #2: Disassembly of the air valve.

To access the internal air valve components first remove the two retaining rings (item 1-H) from each end of the air valve assembly using clip ring pliers.

Next remove the two end caps (item 1-E). Inspect the o-rings (item 1-G) for cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary.

Remove the two bumpers (item 1-C). Inspect the bumpers for cuts, wear or abrasion. Replace if necessary.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-A) from the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear. Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminates. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace both the sleeve and spool with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

STEP #3: Reassembly of the air valve.

Install one end cap (item 1-E) with an o-ring (item 1-G) and one bumper (item 1-C) into one end of the air valve body (item 1-B). Install one retaining ring (item 1-H) into the groove on the same end.

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until it touches the bumper on the opposite end.

Install the remaining bumper, end cap with o-ring, and retaining ring.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 21) to the pump.

Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



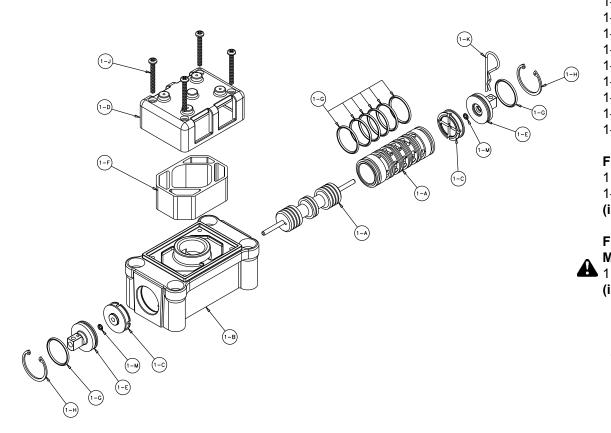
A IMPORTANT

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this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

Air Valve Assembly Drawing with Stroke Indicator Option S20 Design Level 3

Note: Stroke Indicator is standard on Spill Containment models



PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

_	ltem	Part Number	Description	Qty
	1	031-146-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
	1-A	031-143-000	Sleeve and Spool Set w/Pin	ns 1
	1-B	095-094-559	Body, Air Valve	1
	1-C	132-029-552	Bumper	2
	1-D	165-096-559	Cap, Muffler	1
	1-E	165-098-147	Cap, End	2
	1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
	1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	8
	1-H	675-044-115	Ring, Retaining	2
	1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-Tapping	4
	1-K	210-008-330	Clip, Safety	1
	1-M	560-029-360	O-Ring	2

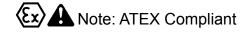
For Pumps with PTFE Coated Hardware:

(includes all other items on 031-146-000 above)				
1-J	710-015-308	Screw, Self Tapping	4	
1	031-146-002	Air Valve Assembly	1	

For Pumps with Alternate Mesh, Sound Dampening Mufflers or Piped Exhaust:

 1
 031-147-000
 Air Valve Assembly
 1

 (includes all items on 031-146-000 minus 1-D, 1-F, & 1-J)



AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE WITH STROKE INDICATOR OPTION SERVICING

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

STEP #1: See Composite Repair and Parts Drawing.

Using a 5/16" Allen wrench, remove the four hex socket capscrews (item 13) and four flat washers (item 42). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 21) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

STEP #2: Disassembly of the air valve.

To access the internal air valve components first remove the two retaining rings (item 1-H) from each end of the air valve assembly using clip ring pliers.

Next remove the two end caps (item 1-E). Inspect the o-rings (item 1-G) for cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary.

Remove the two bumpers (item 1-C). Inspect the bumper for cuts, wear or abrasions. Replace if necessary.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-A) from the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear. Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminates. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace both the sleeve and spool with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

STEP #3: Reassembly of the air valve.

Install one bumper (item 1-C) and one end cap (item 1-E) with an o-ring (item 1-G) into one end of the air valve body (item 1-B). Install one retaining ring (item 1-H) into the groove on the same end. Insert the safety clip (item 1-K) through the small unthreaded hole in the end cap.

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until the pin touches the safety clip on the opposite end.

Install the remaining bumper, end cap with o-ring, and retaining ring.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 21) to the pump.

Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



A IMPORTANT

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Solenoid Shifted Air Valve Drawing

SOLENOID SHIFTED AIR VALVE PARTS LIST

(Includes All Items Used on Composite Repair Parts List Except as Shown)

Item 56 57 58	Part Number 893-097-000 219-001-000 219-004-000 219-002-000 219-003-000 241-001-000	Description Solenoid Valve, NEMA4 Solenoid Coil, 24VDC Solenoid Coil, 24VAC/12VDC Solenoid Coil, 240VAC Solenoid Coil, 240VAC
58	241-001-000	Connector, Conduit
59	170-029-330	Capscrew, Hex HD 5/16-18 x 1.50
60	618-051-150	Plug



For Explosion Proof Solenoid Coils used in North America and outside the European Union.

219-009-001	Solenoid Coil, 120VAC 60 Hz
219-009-002	Solenoid Coil, 240VAC 60 Hz
219-009-003	Solenoid Coil, 12VDC
219-009-004	Solenoid Coil, 24VDC
219-009-005	Solenoid Coil, 110VAC 50 Hz
219-009-006	Solenoid Coil, 230VAC 50 Hz
Note: Item 58 (Cond	luit Connector) is not required

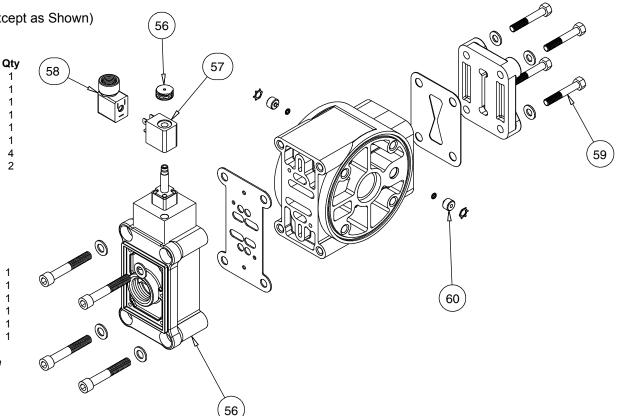
For Explosion Proof Solenoid Coils used in the European Union



For ATEX Compliant Solenoid Coils used in the European Union

219-011-001	Solenoid Coil, 12 VDC, 3.3W / 0, 531A0, 014A
219-011-002	Solenoid Coil, 24 VDC, 3.3W / 0, 531A0, 014A
219-011-003	Solenoid Coil, 110/120 VAC, 3.4W / 0, 212A0, 015A
219-011-004	Solenoid Coil, 220/240 VAC, 3.4W / 0, 212A0, 015A
Note: Item 58 (Conc	luit Connector) is not required

1



***Special Conditions For Safe Use**

A fuse corresponding to its rated current (max. 3^{*}I_{rat} according IEC 60127-2-1) or a motor protecting switch with short-circuit and thermal instantaneous tripping (set to rated current) shall be connected in series to each solenoid as short circuit protection. For very low rated currents of the solenoid the fuse of lowest current value according to the indicated IEC standard will be sufficient. The fuse may be accommodated in the associated supply unit or shall be separately arranged. The rated voltage to the fuse shall be equal to or greater than the stated rated voltage of the magnet coil. The breakage capacity of the fuse-link shall be as high as or higher than the maximum expected short circuit current at the location of the installation (usually 1500 A). A maximum permissible ripple of 20% is valid for all magnets of direct-current design.

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SOLENOID SHIFTED AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE OPTION

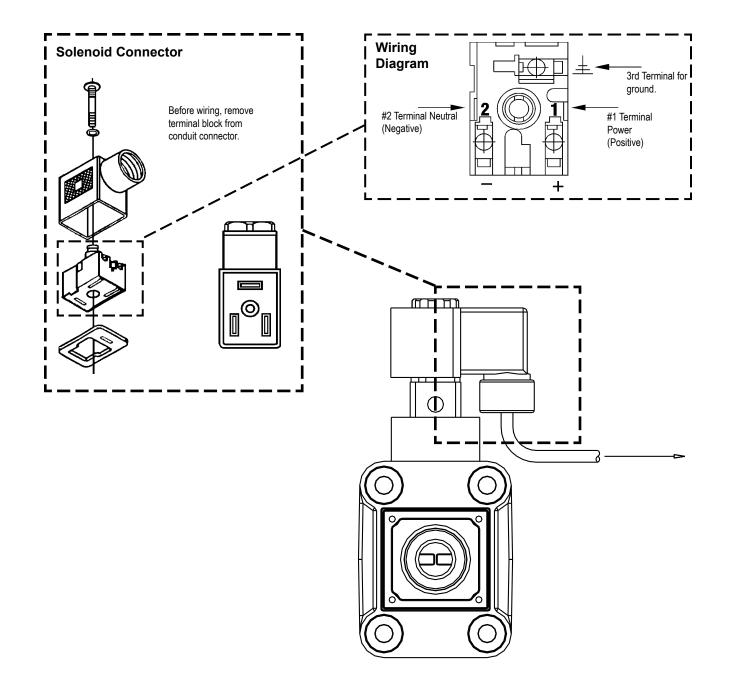
Warren Rupp's solenoid shifted, air distribution valve option utilizes electrical signals to precisely control your SANDPIPER's speed. The solenoid coil is connected to a customer - supplied control. Compressed air provides the pumping power, while electrical signals control pump speed (pumping rate).

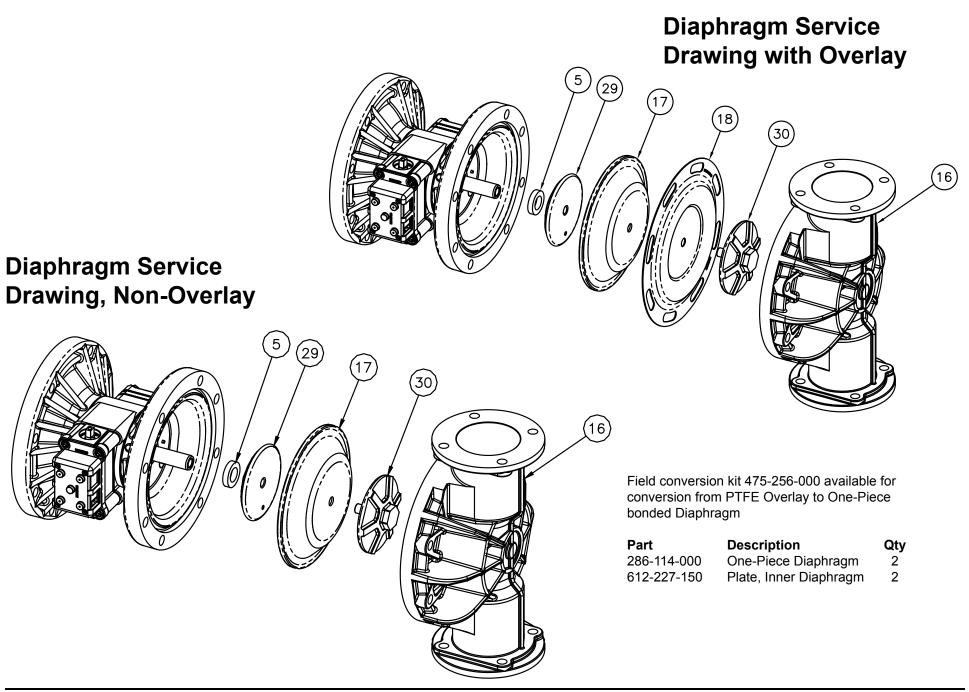
OPERATION

The Solenoid Shifted SANDPIPER has a solenoid operated, air distribution valve in place of the standard SANDPIPER's pilot operated, air distribution valve. Where a pilot valve is normally utilized to cycle the pump's air distribution valve, an electric solenoid is utilized. As the solenoid is powered, one of the pump's air chambers is pressurized while the other chamber is exhausted. When electric power is turned off, the solenoid shifts and the pressurized chamber is exhausted while the other chamber is pressurized. By alternately applying and removing power to the solenoid, the pump cycles much like a standard SANDPIPER pump, with one exception. This option provides a way to precisely control and monitor pump speed.

BEFORE INSTALLATION

Before wiring the solenoid, make certain it is compatible with your system voltage.





DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining liquid from the pump.

Step #1: See the pump composite repair parts drawing, and the diaphragm servicing illustration.

Using a wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (items 8), hex nuts and washers that fasten the elbows (items 19 & 20) to the outer chambers (items 16). Remove the elbows with the manifolds and spacers attached.

Step #2: Removing the outer chambers.

Using a wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (items 9 & 11), hex nuts and washers that fasten the outer chambers, diaphragms, and inner chambers (items 15) together.

Step #3: Removing the diaphragm assemblies.

Use a 1½" (38mm) wrench or six pointed socket to remove the diaphragm assemblies (outer plate, diaphragm, and inner plate) from the diaphragm rod (item 34) by turning counterclockwise.

Inspect the diaphragm (item 17) for cuts, punctures, abrasive wear or chemical attack. Replace the

diaphragms if necessary.

Step #4: Installing the diaphragms. Push the threaded stud of the outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm. Thread the inner plate clockwise onto the stud. Use a torque wrench to tighten the diaphragm assembly together to 480 in Lbs. (54.23 Newton meters). Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step #5: Installing the diaphragm assemblies to the pump.

Make sure the bumper (item 5) is installed over the diaphragm rod.

Thread the stud of one diaphragm assembly clockwise into the tapped hole at the end of the diaphragm rod (item 34) until the inner diaphragm plate is flush to the end of the rod. Insert rod into pump.

Fasten the remaining outer chamber (item 17) to the pump, using the capscrews (items 11 & 12), hex nuts and flat washers and tighten.

Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod.

Thread the stud of the other diaphragm assembly clockwise into the tapped hole at the end of the diaphragm rod (item 34) make sure the 2nd diaphragm assembly is tight enough that the inner plate is flush to the end of the rod. The bead of the end of the diaphragm should fit into the groove of the inner chamber.

Fasten the remaining outer chamber (item 16) to the pump, using the capscrews (items 9 & 11), hex nuts and flat washers.

Step #6: Re-install the elbow/ spacer/manifold assemblies to the pump, using the capscrews (items 8), hex nuts and flat washers.(Ref.pg 12)

The pump is now ready to be re-installed, connected and returned to operation.

OVERLAY DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

The PTFE overlay diaphragm (item 18) is designed to fit over the exterior of the standard diaphragm (item 17).

Follow the same procedures described for the standard diaphragm for removal and installation.

One-Piece Bonded DIAPHRAGM SERVICING (Bonded PTFE with integral plate)

The one-piece bonded diaphragm (item 17) has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole.

Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm/inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between



A IMPORTANT

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the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly.

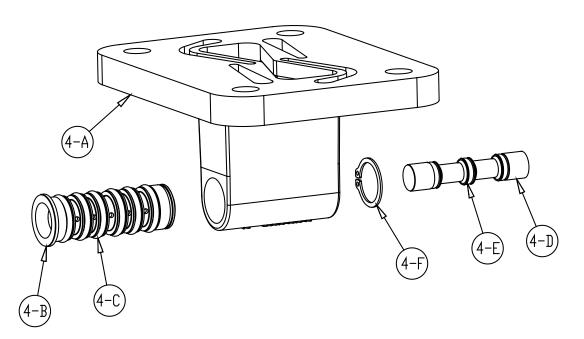
Insert the diaphragm/rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE.

Pilot Valve Servicing, Assembly Drawing & Parts List

QTY

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
10-558	Pilot Valve Assembly
95-558	Valve Body
52-000	Sleeve (With O-rings)
33-360	O-ring (Sleeve)
55-000	Spool (With O-rings)
23-360	O-ring (Spool)
37-080	Retaining Ring
	10-558 95-558 52-000 33-360 55-000 23-360



PILOT VALVE SERVICING

To service the pilot valve first shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

STEP #1: See pump assembly drawing.

Using a 1/2" wrench or socket, remove the four capscrews (item 10). Remove the air inlet cap (item 7) and air inlet gasket (item 23). The pilot valve assembly (item 2) can now be removed for inspection and service. **STEP #2:** Disassembly of the pilot valve.

Remove the pilot valve spool (item 4-D). Wipe clean and inspect spool and o-rings for dirt, cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings and spool if necessary.

Remove the retaining ring (item 4-F) from the end of the sleeve (item 4-B) and remove the sleeve from the valve body (item 4-A). Wipe clean and inspect sleeve and o-rings for dirt, cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings and sleeve if necessary.

STEP #3: Re-assembly of the pilot valve.

Generously lubricate outside diameter of the sleeve and o-rings. Then carefully insert sleeve into valve body. Take CAUTION when inserting sleeve, not to shear any o-rings. Install retaining ring to sleeve. Generously lubricate outside diameter of spool and o-rings. Then carefully insert spool into sleeve. Take CAUTION when inserting spool, not to shear any o-rings. Use BP-LS-EP-2 multipurpose grease, or equivalent. **STEP #4:** Re-install the pilot valve assembly into the intermediate.

Be careful to align the ends of the pilot valve stem between the plunger pins when inserting the pilot valve into the cavity of the intermediate.

Re-install the gasket, air inlet cap and capscrews. Connect the air supply to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

PUMPING HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS

When a diaphragm fails, the pumped liquid or fumes enter the air end of the pump. Fumes are exhausted into the surrounding environment. When pumping hazardous or toxic materials, the exhaust air must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposal. See illustration #1 at right.

This pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. See illustration #2 at right. Piping used for the air exhaust must not be smaller than 1" (2.54 cm) diameter. Reducing the pipe size will restrict air flow and reduce pump performance. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. See illustration #3 at right.

CONVERTING THE PUMP FOR PIPING THE EXHAUST AIR

The following steps are necessary to convert the pump to pipe the exhaust air away from the pump.

Use a #8 Torx or flat screwdriver to remove the six self-tapping screws (item 1-J).

Remove the muffler cap and muffler (items 1-D and 1-F). The 1" NPT molded threads in the air distribution valve body (item 1-B).

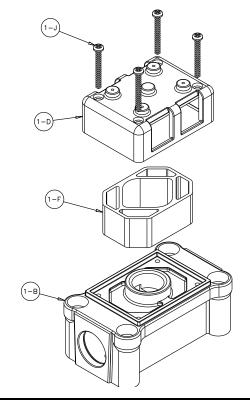
Piping or hose may now be installed.

IMPORTANT INSTALLATION

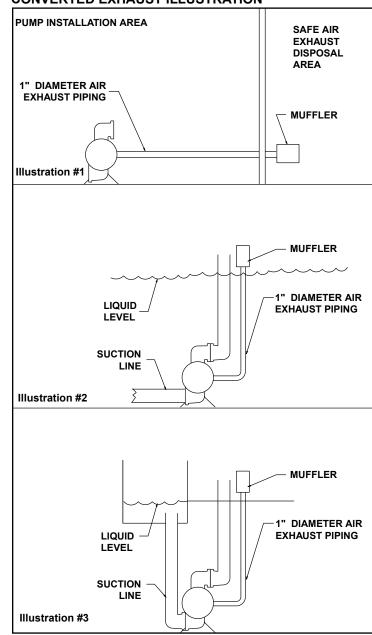
NOTE: The manufacturer recommends installing a flexible hose or connection between the pump and any rigid plumbing. This reduces stresses on the molded plastic threads of the air exhaust port. Failure to do so may result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

Any piping or hose connected to the pump's air exhaust port must be physically supported. Failure to support these connections could also result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

Exhaust Conversion Drawing



CONVERTED EXHAUST ILLUSTRATION



MODULAR CHECK VALVE SERVICING

Before servicing the check valves, first shut off the suction line and then the discharge line to the pump. Next, shut off the compressed air supply, bleed air pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining fluid from the pump. The pump can now be removed for service.

To access the modular check valve, remove the elbows (items 19 & 20 from pump composite repair parts drawing). Use a $\frac{9}{16}$ wrench or socket to remove the fasteners. Once the elbows are removed, the modular check valves can be seen in the cavities of the outer chamber (items 16).

Next remove the check valve seal (item 37). Inspect the seal for cuts or pinched areas. Replace seal as needed.

Disassemble the component parts of each modular check valve. Inspect the check valve retainer (item 32) for cuts, abrasive wear, or embedded materials. Replace as needed.

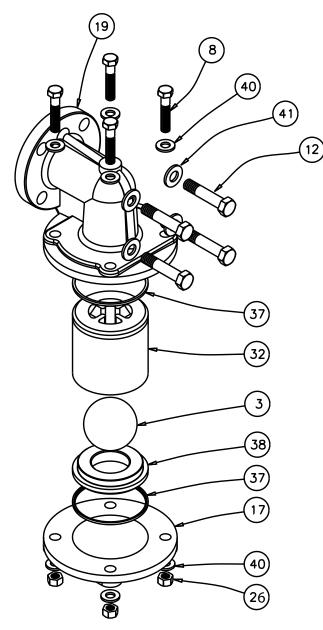
Inspect the check balls (items 3) for wear, abrasion, or cuts on the spherical surface. The check valve seats (items 38) should be inspected for cuts, abrasive wear, or embedded material on the surfaces of both the external and internal chamfers. The spherical surface of the check balls must seat flush to the surface of the inner chamfer on the check valve seats for the pump to operate to peak efficiency. Replace any worn or damaged parts as necessary. Remove the remaining check valve seal (item 37). Inspect the seal for cuts or pinched areas. Replace seal as needed.

Re-assemble the modular check valve. The seat should fit snugly into the retainer.

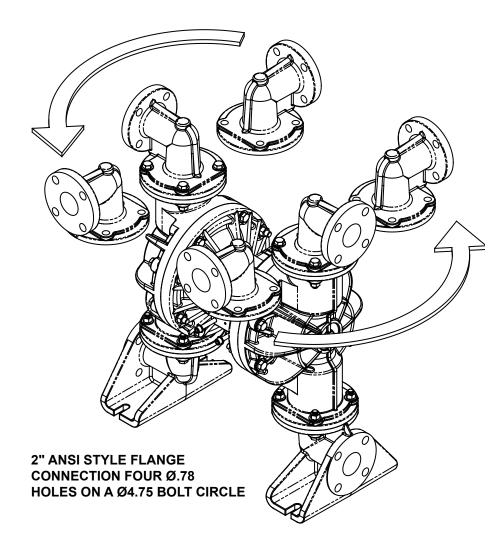
Place a check valve seal (item 37) into the cavity of the outer chamber (item 17). Make sure the chamfer side of the seal faces out. Insert the modular check valve into the outer chamber with the retainer facing up. Install a check valve seal (item 37). Make sure the chamfer side of the seal faces the chamfer on the check valve seat or retainer.

The pump can now reassembled, reconnected and returned to operation.

Modular Check Valve Drawing



Dual Port Option Drawing



DUAL PORTING OPTIONS

Several dual porting options are possible. The pump can be converted to a dual port arrangement on both the suction and the discharge ends. The porting can be configured to a single suction and a dual discharge. The porting can be changed to a dual suction and a single discharge.

The above changes are possible because the porting flange of the elbows are designed to mate with a 2" ANSI Flange Connection.

DUAL PORTING OF BOTH SUCTION AND DISCHARGE ENDS OF THE PUMP

Converting the pump from the standard single suction and discharge porting configuration to dual porting at each end is easy. Simply remove the manifold seals and manifolds from the pump.

The discharge elbows can be rotated in 90°increments and the suction elbows can be rotated in 180° increments (see optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing).

SINGLE PORTING OF THE SUCTION AND DUAL PORTING OF THE PUMP DISCHARGE

To convert the pump from the standard single suction and single discharge porting configuration to a dual discharge porting arrangement remove the only the discharge manifolds and manifold seals. Position the discharge elbows in the desired direction at 90° increments. (See arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.)

DUAL PORTING OF THE SUCTION AND SINGLE PORTING OF THE PUMP DISCHARGE

To convert the pump from the standard single suction and single discharge porting configuration to a dual suction porting arrangement remove the only the suction (bottom) manifolds and manifold seals.

Position the suction elbows in the desired direction at 180° increments. (See arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.)

Leak Detection Options Drawing

LEAK DETECTION OPTION (ELECTRONIC)

Follow instructions found elsewhere in this manual, "Filling the Spill Prevention Chambers" when installing leak detectors.

Electronic Leak Detector Installation

Kit 032-037-000	100VAC	50Hz
	or 110-120VAC	50/60Hz
	or 220-240VAC	50/60Hz
Kit 032-045-000	12-32VDC	

To install electronic leak detectors, remove the bottom $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT pipe plug on the visual sight tube (item 50). Insert leak detector into the $\frac{1}{4}$ " pipe tee (item 53).

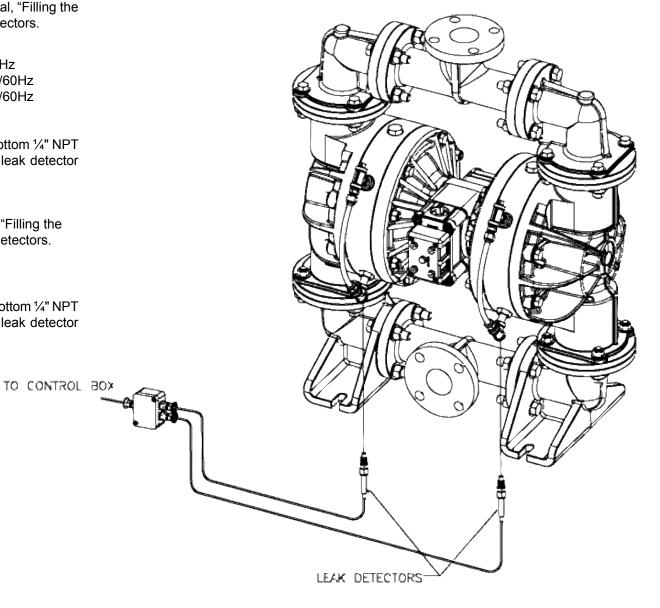
LEAK DETECTION OPTION (MECHANICAL)

Follow instructions found elsewhere in this manual, "Filling the Spill Containment Chambers" when installing leak detectors.

Mechanical Leak Detector Installation

Kit 031-023-110

To install mechanical leak detectors, remove the bottom $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT pipe plug on the visual sight tube (item 50). Insert leak detector into the $\frac{1}{4}$ " pipe tee (item 53).



Pulse Output Kit Drawing

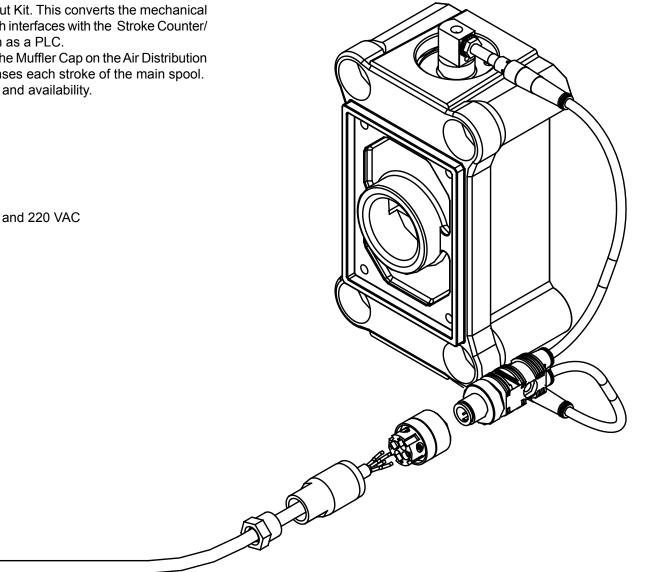
PULSE OUTPUT KIT OPTION

This pump can be fitted with a Pulse Output Kit. This converts the mechanical strokes of the pump to an electrical signal which interfaces with the Stroke Counter/ Batch Controller or user control devices such as a PLC.

The Pulse Output Kits mount directly onto the Muffler Cap on the Air Distribution Valve Assembly or onto the air valve and senses each stroke of the main spool. Consult the factory for further information and availability.

Pulse Output Kits

475-244-001	10-30 VDC
475-244-002	110/220 VAC
475-244-003	10-30VDC, 110VAC and 220 VAC



Optional Muffler Configurations, Drawing

OPTION 0

530-028-550 Encapsulated Muffler uses (1) Cap and (4) 710-015-115 Self Tapping Screw to hold it in place.

OPTION 1

530-027-000 Sound Dampening Muffler screws directly into the Air Valve body. This muffler is equipped with a porous plastic element.

OPTION 2

530-010-000 Mesh Muffler screws directly into the Air Valve Body. This muffler is equipped with a metal element.



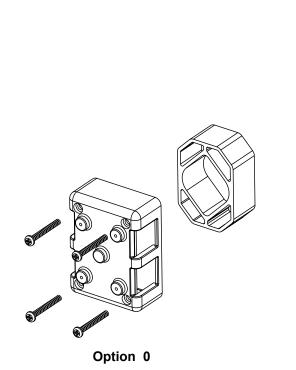
OPTION 6

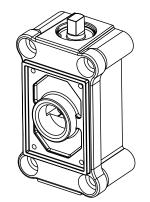
530-033-000 Metal Muffler screws directly into the Air Body.





Option 6









Grounding The Pump

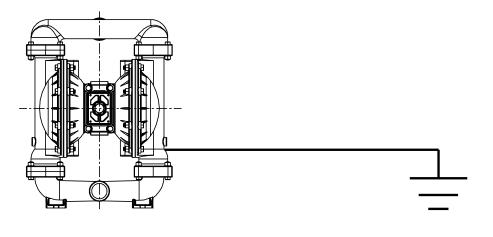
To be fully groundable, the pumps must be ATEX Compliant. Refer to pump data sheet for ordering.

One eyelet end is fastened to the pump hardware.

The other end is installed to a true earth ground.

This optional 8 foot long (244 centimeters) Ground Strap (920-025-000) is available for easy ground connection.

To reduce the risk of static electrical sparking, this pump must be grounded. Check the local electrical code for detailed grounding instruction and the type of equipment required.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers or other miscellaneous equipment must be grounded.

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Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: Warren Rupp, Inc.[®], 800 N. Main Street, P.O. Box 1568, Mansfield, Ohio, 44901-1568 USA

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, T Series, G Series, U Series, EH and SH High Pressure, RS Series, W Series, SMA and SPA Submersibles, and Tranquilizer Surge Suppressors comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN 809, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids -Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

David Reseberry

Signature of authorized person

David Roseberry Printed name of authorized person

Revision Level: E

October 20, 2005 Date of issue

Engineering Manager Title

May 27, 2010 Date of revision



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